

KISI-KISI UJIAN MID SEMESTER INSTIPER FAKULTAS KEHUTANAN

I. Direction. Cross (X) one of the options that best substitutes for the underlined word.

1. Most fires are caused by people.
 - A. trend
 - B. made
 - C. concluded
 - D. change
2. The role of fire in the world's vegetation is ambivalent. cause
 - A. plants
 - B. forest
 - C. trees
 - D. grass
3. Fire is also an important and widely used tool to meet land management goals.
 - A. sparks
 - B. burnt
 - C. lighted
 - D. significant
4. It has been found that about 90% of forest fires are due to human factors.
 - A. sources
 - B. destroy
 - C. influences
 - D. impact
5. Forest fires may also start spontaneously in hot dry weather.
 - A. naturally
 - B. badly
 - C. fast
 - D. slowly
6. You must buy seedlings and fertilizer.
 - A. plant
 - B. crop
 - C. stumps
 - D. germ
7. Forestry is the science, art, and craft of creating, managing, using, and conserving forest to meet desired goals, needs, and values for human benefit.
 - A. approach
 - B. aims
 - C. system
 - D. diverse

8. Asia is the region with the lowest percentage of forest cover (less than 20% of land area).
- A. number
 - B. estimate
 - C. proportion
 - D. account
9. Once the oil palms are planted, you must put wire netting around the young trees.
- A. holes
 - B. nursery
 - C. seed
 - D. rope
10. Do not try to cultivate too large an area or the work will be badly done.
- A. poorly
 - B. greatly
 - C. satisfied
 - D. disappointed

II. Direction. Fill in the blank with one of the provided options to help the sentence carry good meaning. Cross (X) the most appropriate choice.

1. Forestry is ... in plantations and natural stands.
- A. practices
 - B. practice
 - C. practicing
 - D. practiced
2. The main goal of forestry is to... and implement systems.
- A. created
 - B. create
 - C. creates
 - D. creating
3. The definition of agroforestry ... “trees on farm”.
- A. is
 - B. am
 - C. are
 - D. were
4. Agroforestry can ... increased productivity, economic benefits and services provided.
- A. offers
 - B. offer
 - C. offered
 - D. offering

5. Total forest area in 2005 was ... to be around 30% of the planet's land area.
 - A. gusted
 - B. distributed
 - C. purposed
 - D. estimated
6. South America is the ... with the highest percentage of forest cover.
 - A. religion
 - B. region
 - C. recover
 - D. reconstruction
7. The five ... with the largest forest areas are the Russian Federation, Brazil, Canada, US and China.
 - A. islands
 - B. regions
 - C. countries
 - D. worlds
8. During that time the grower must spend money and work hard, without ... any fruit or earning any money.
 - A. having
 - B. harvesting
 - C. planting
 - D. growing
9. An oil palm begins to produce 3 or 4 years after it ...planted.
 - A. has been
 - B. will to be
 - C. could being
 - D. may have
10. Before you start an oil palm plantation, you must ...carefully whether you will be able to pay all these expenses.
 - A. calculate
 - B. go
 - C. figure
 - D. suggest
11. To grow oil palms ... a lot of work.
 - A. takes
 - B. is take
 - C. is taken
 - D. taking
12. If you cannot pick the fruit at the right moment, it becomes too ...
 - A. rip
 - B. ripe

- C. ripped
 - D. reap
13. A small plantation that is well ... can produce more.
- A. looked after
 - B. looked into
 - C. looked up
 - D. looked at
14. Then you must ... seedlings and fertilizers.
- A. buy
 - B. to buy
 - C. buying
 - D. bought
15. Before ... your oil palms, you have to clear the forest.
- A. to plant
 - B. plant
 - C. planting
 - D. planted
16. If you cannot pick the fruit at the right moment, many will drop and the quality of the fruit will be less good.
- A. kernels
 - B. clusters
 - C. leaves
 - D. fruits
17. You have to clear the forest and remove the tree
- A. stuff
 - B. stumps
 - C. woods
 - D. roots
18. All this work needs to be done; you must take your time.
- A. careful
 - B. caringly
 - C. carefully
 - D. carefulness
19. Never hurry if you want to be with your plantation.
- A. success
 - B. succeed
 - C. successful
 - D. successfully
20. Once the oil palms have to produce, the fruit must be harvested at the right moment.

- A. begin
- B. begun
- C. beginning
- D. began

III. Direction. Find the meaning of each word of English in bahasa Indonesia provided as choices. Cross (X) the best translation.

1. Forestry
 - A. hutan
 - B. pertanian
 - C. kehutanan
 - D. budidaya pertanian

2. Sustainable
 - A. berkelanjutan
 - B. berkepanjangan
 - C. berikutnya
 - D. selanjutnya

3. Desired goals
 - A. Menghilangkan tujuan
 - B. Tempat yang dituju
 - C. Tepat sasaran
 - D. Tujuan yang diinginkan

4. Shrubs
 - A. Rumput
 - B. Semak belukar
 - C. Tanaman liar
 - D. Tanaman langka

5. Agricultural
 - A. Kehutanan
 - B. Perhutanan
 - C. Perkebunan
 - D. Pertanian

6. Restoring
 - A. Memperbaiki
 - B. Merusaki
 - C. Menangani

D. Menjalani

7. Fuelwood

- A. Kayu manis
- B. Ranting
- C. Kayu bakar
- D. Dahan

8. Chemicals

- A. Bahan kimia
- B. Bahan berbahaya
- C. Bahan produksi
- D. Bahan pangan

9. Medicinal plants

- A. Tanaman pangan
- B. Tanaman alami
- C. Tanaman organik
- D. Tanaman obat

10. Woodlands

- A. Daerah rawan
- B. Daerah hutan
- C. Daerah pesisir
- D. Daerah longsor

11. Fertilizer

- A. Pupuk
- B. Pemijahan
- C. Kemandulan
- D. Tambahan

12. Take your time

- A. Jangan tergesa-gesa
- B. Ambil bagianmu
- C. Ambil jam-mu
- D. Ambil waktu

13. Remove the roots

- A. Mencabut akar-akar

- B. Memindah akar-akar
- C. Memindah kembail akar-akar
- D. Menanam kembali akar-akar

14. Look after

- A. Melihat setelahnya
- B. Merawat
- C. Mencermati
- D. Meneliti

15. Harvesting

- A. Menanam
- B. Reboisasi
- C. Memanen
- D. Memupuk

16. Seedling

- A. Pupuk
- B. Bibit
- C. Tunas
- D. Tunggul

17. Plantation

- A. Sawah
- B. Ladang
- C. Perkebunan
- D. Terasiring

18. Cultivate

- A. Menanam
- B. Membajak
- C. Menggali
- D. Mengolah

19. Earning any money

- A. Mengeluarkan uang
- B. Mendapatkan uang
- C. Menghabiskan uang
- D. Menitipkan uang

20. Attack the diseases

- A. Menyabun luka
- B. Melawan penyakit
- C. Membersihkan penyakit
- D. Melawan luka